





Support on Formulating Sewage BCP and Training for Small and Medium Local Public Organizations

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1. Introduction

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	~ 1st edition ~ (Earthquake)	
November 2009	Sewage BCP Formulation Manual	

March 2012	Sewage BCP Formulation Manual
	~ 2nd edition ~ (Earthquake - Tsunami)

March 2016 MLIT announced the local public organizations in Japan to formulate sewage BCP within one year



****MLIT:Ministry of Land, Infrastructure, Transport and Tourism**

The local public organizations are working on formulating sewage BCP







JIWET provides support on formulating sewage BCPs and training for small and medium local public organizations.



Okinawa Prefecture

[26 local public organizations]

Naha city Ishigaki city • • • •

* Population of each municipality

: about 700-330,000 people

The characteristics of Okinawa Prefecture

- Damage from tsunami
- Island region
- External support is likely to be slow







2. Implementation structure

Okinawa prefectural government

- Coordination
- Brushing up sewage BCP
- Making the draft of Support

Local public organizations

- Participation of the Workshop & Training
- Creation of the sewage
 BCP

JIWET

- Policy of the sewage BCP
- Consideration of the example about sewage BCP
- Operation of the Workshop & Training of the sewage BCP
- Advice about the sewage BCP

Support







Benefits of joint research

- (1). We can consider support system considering wide-area cooperation
- (2) . Information about earthquake countermeasures can be shared among local public organizations
- (3) Local public organizations can share issues and solutions of sewage BCP
- (4) . It is possible to formulate sewage BCP that considers regional characteristics







3. Implementation flow

JIWET

Collection and arrangement of information for sewage BCP.

Sewage BCP creation of thinking and model

Study group

Consideration/impleme ntation of training plan

Local public organizations

Workshop

Provide information

Study group

Instruct

Instruct

Workshop

Swage BCP formulation







<u> 4. Formulating sewage BCP</u>

[Structure of swage BCP]

- (1) Emergency response plan
- (3) Education / training plan
- (2) Proactive measures plan
- (4) Review / improvement plan

(1). Emergency response plan

Emergency response plan is created in the following order:

- 1. Selection of priority work during emergencies
- Ensuring safety
- Ensuring public health/preserving the living environment
- Preserving water quality in public water.







2. Deciding of response target time

 Consider the social impact and set the allowable downtime while considering resources constraints.

3. Compilation of emergency response plan

- The personnel who engages in emergency response.
- Response to sewage overflow areas.
- Priority in pipe investigation.
- Policy on treatment plant/pump station restoration.
- Policy on responding to mass media
- Policy on responding to requests and complaints from residents.







(2). Proactive measures plan

- Stockpiling of equipment
- Securing and authorizing means of communication during a disaster
- Disaster support agreements

(3). Education / training plan

> Ensuring implementation of the post-disaster response

(4). Review / improvement plan

Keeping the sewage BCP up to date and raise the overall level







Workshop

- Presentation and explanation of the thinking on sewage BCP creation in Okinawa Prefecture (draft) created by JIWET
- Wide-area mutual cooperation.
- Mutual support agreements among local public organizations were deliberated.



All participants formulated sewage BCP







<u>5. Training(role-playing)</u>

Players:

- Okinawa prefectural government
- Local public organizations

Controllers:

- Okinawa prefectural government
- Local public organizations
- JIWET



Phase 1

[Scene in case of disaster]
Immediately after disaster occur

Phase 2

[Scene in case of disaster]
From 1st day to 3rd day
after disaster occur

Review of training

Clarification of issues and improvement points of BCP



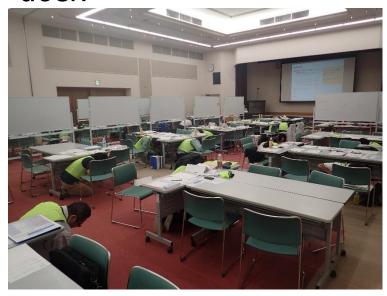




Phase 1



Evacuate under the desk



Players:

- Write the priority works which should be done in emergency.
- Write the emergency contact details and the matters which should be tell.









Phase 2

Controllers:

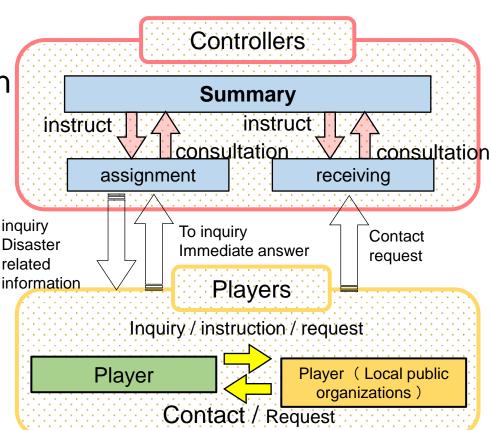
 Give the players information on disaster.





Players:

- Respond to disaster information, organize, contact.
- Implementation of support requests









[Knowledge obtained from the training]

Resources:

- "Methods to confirm the safety of staff members needs to be more specific"
- "Links with other departments must be strengthened"
- "A fuel arrangement list was needed"

Emergency response:

"The content of the contact we are supposed to make in an emergency is unclear"

Proactive measures:

"Reexamination of the information and equipment to be given to support teams is necessary"

"The extent to which local public organizations can respond must be clarified"







6. Conclusion

- ➤ We were able to efficiently formulate sewage BCP by cooperating Okinawa prefectural government and local public organizations.
- ➤ During the formulation, a study group was implemented, grasping disaster countermeasures and exchanging opinions, which raised disaster awareness.
- ➤ In order to formulate effective sewage BCP, mutual support agreements among local public organizations, support agreements with the JSCSMA, and support agreements with the JSWA were concluded.







Thank you for your attention.

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