

Latest developments in European Water Management Legislation



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EU policy instruments for protecting our water resources

EU Environmental

Legislation
Daughter Directives on
Groundwater and Priority
Substances; Floods Directive; intercalibration

Financial incentives (+/-)

All funding regulations (Regional Development and Cohesion Funds, Rural Development Funds) adopted and published

EU Research Programmes

7th Research Framework Programme (FP7) currently in 2nd reading

Water Framework Directive State of implementation November 2006



				River Basin	River Basin	Ireland		☺	©	<u></u>	☺
		Notification	Intercali- bration	Districts Report (Art 3	Districts Analysis (Art 5	Italy		≅	☺	☺	⊕
Country		(Art. 24)	sites	report)	report)	Latvia		☺	©	⊚⊚	☺
Austria		☺	☺	$\odot \odot$	☺						
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First analysis of article 5 reports

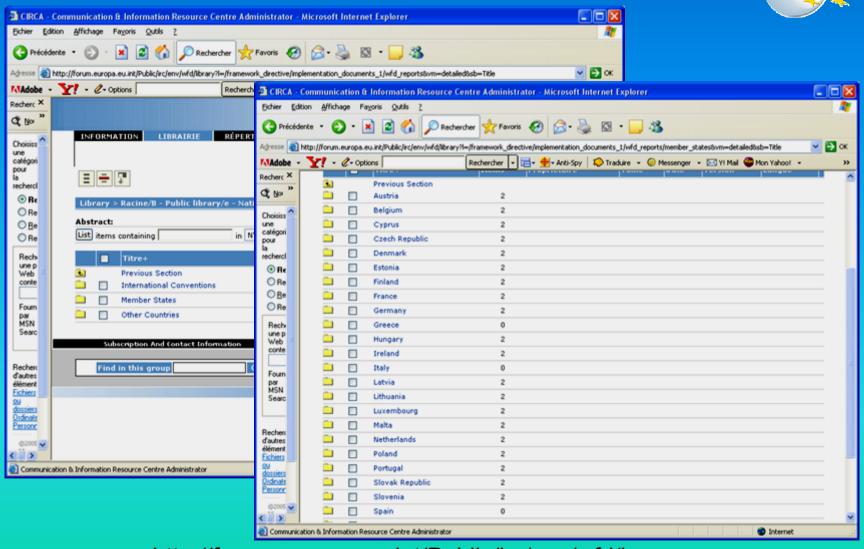
The analysis is demonstrating your achievements as well as non-achievements ...



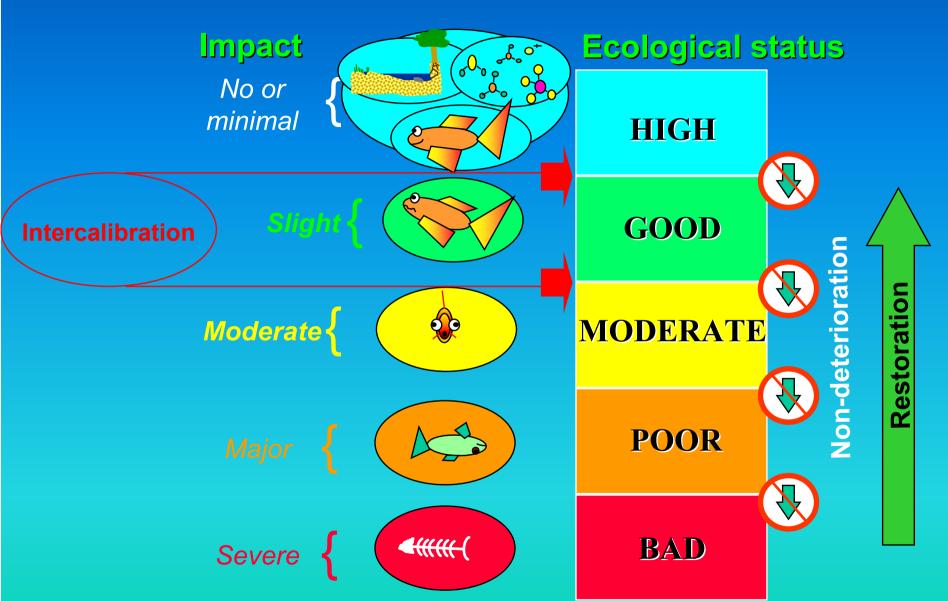
First analysis shows that a high number of water bodies are at risk:

- 1. Hydromorphological alterations (inter alia from navigation, pressures of land use in urban and rural areas, hydropower, flood defences) are a common concern across Europe.
- 2. In several parts of Europe non-delivery on tasks already due (waste water treatment, nitrates pollution from agriculture) plays a considerable role in shaping our waters 'at risk'. It is unjustified to attribute costs to the WFD, if in fact they are related to old obligations not complied with ...
- 3. Over-abstraction is a problem in some regions. Full Commission report to be published March 2007.

Transparency: all WFD environmental ** assessments available on the Internet



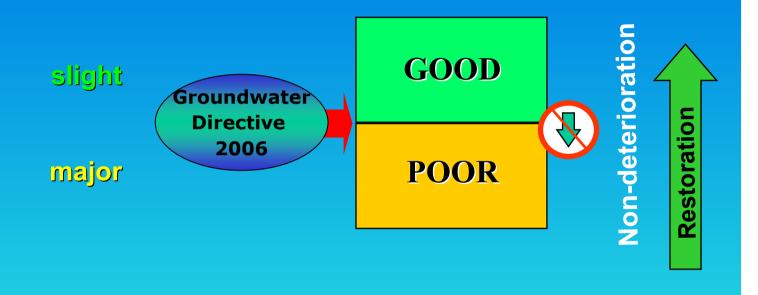
Intercalibration of biological monitoring results



Environmental objective "groundwater"

Impact

Groundwater status





Daughter Directive Groundwater Main elements of political dispute between European Parliament and Council

- Scope of application with or without agricultural impacts?
- Ensuring precautionary principle "no topping-up of pollution to defined maximum values"
- Revision clause for parameters and values



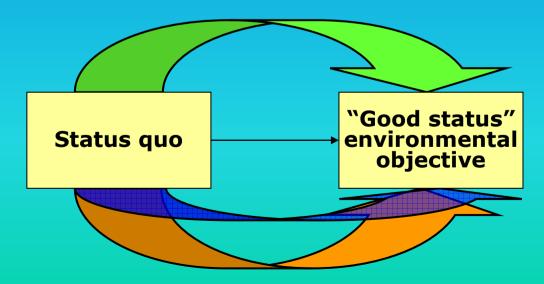


- At EU level, groundwater quality standards set for the following parameters:
 - nitrates; pesticides and biocides;
 - applicable to all sectors of human activity;
 - mandatory review of list of substances and their values;
- Criteria for reversing upward pollution trends (as a rule not later than at 75% of quality standard / threshold value;
- At national / river basin level, threshold values set by Member States, at least for a list of further 10 substances/parameters/indicators:

Daughter Directive Groundwater



- Legally binding and enforceable on environmental objectives
- Flexible on paths/tools to achieve these objectives, thus allowing and encouraging innovation



Daughter Directive Priority Substances "Combined approach"

- set out in article 10 atter Fram work Directive
- pollution (en control and use restrictions; are atment and disposition inter alia on control and other waste water emissions the proposed FACH legislation
- er quality standards detailing "good chemic substances / parameters of EU-wide vance by EU le environmental aughter Directives)
- for ot quality (within the WFD of taking characteristics)

 for ot quality para (river basin level para (within the WFD) of taking and local and regional characteristics

Daughter Directive Priority Substances EU-wide quality standards and river basin values complementing each other

- EU-wide environmental quality standards (EQS) to be set for substances / parameters of EU relevance as defined in 2001 'List of Priority Substances' (33 parameters); article 16 and annex X WFD;
- Further parameters and values detailing 'good status' to be set at national / river basin level.

Daughter Directive Priority Substances Commission Proposal July 2006

Package of July 2006 on integrated prevention and control of chemical pollution of surface waters in the EU

- Proposal for a directive on environmental quality standards of 17 July 2006, COM(2006)397;
- Comprehensive impact assessment looking at three options (1) no regulation; (2) EQS only; (3) EQS and detailed emission control measures;
- Commission Communication accompanying the above.

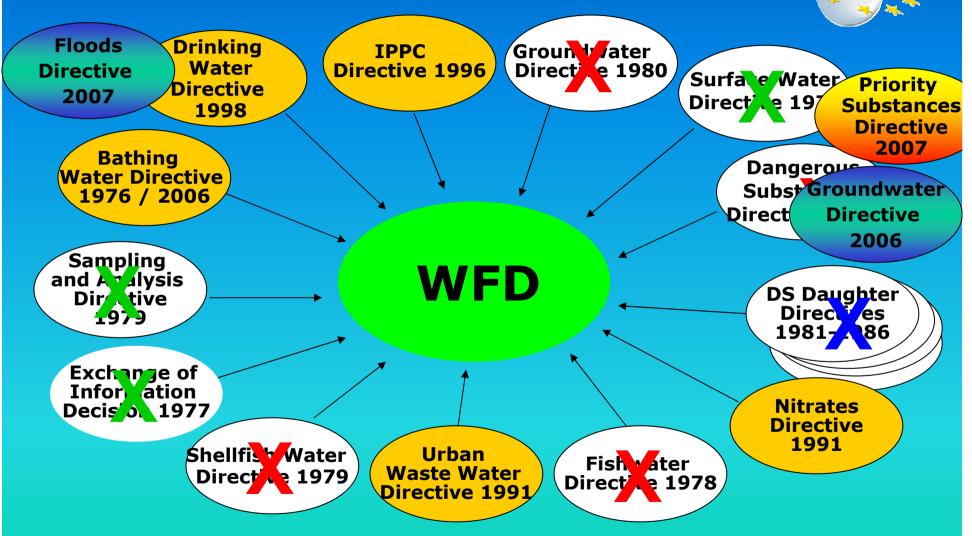
All documents available on the Internet server of the European Commission.

Daughter Directive Priority Substances : List of substances

EQS for surface waters proposed for 33 substances, including inter alia certain metals and their compounds, plant protection products, detergents and chemical intermediates:

Alachlor	Anthracene	Atrazine
Benzene	Brominated diphenylether	Cadmium & compounds
C ₁₀ -C ₁₃ chloroalkanes	Chlorfenvinphos	Chlorpyrifos
1,2-Dichloroethane	Dichloromethane	DEHP (phtalate)
Diuron	Endosulfan	Fluoranthene
Hexachlorobenzene	Hexachlorobutadiene	Hexachlorocyclohexane
Isoproturon	Lead & compounds	Mercury & compounds
Naphtalene	Nickel & compounds	Nonylphenols
Octylphenols	Pentachlorobenzene	Pentachlorophenol
Polyarom. hydrocarbons	Simazine	Tributyltin compounds
Trichlorobenzenes	Trichloromethane	Trifluralin

WFD – *one* coherent management frame; streamlining water legislation



X repealed by 2007; X repealed by 2013; X repealed together with adoption of WFD Daughter Directive on Priority Substances

Floods Directive Impact Assessment: costs of measures vs damage potential





Rhine river: costs 12.3 bl EUR over 20 years, equal to about 7% of the potential damage;

Odra/Oder river basin: 3.6 bl EUR over 25 years, equal to the direct damages occurred during one single disaster;

Loire river basin: costs 583 EUR, equal to about 10% of the potential damage;

Vidourle basin: costs 29 ml EUR over 4 years, equal to 4% of the damage occured in one single year 2002.

Floods Directive Key underlying principles

- Addressing diversity of flood events across Europe, e.g. river-prone floods vs flash floods
- Flexibility for planning and action at local / regional / sub-basin level whilst ensuring cooperation/coordination across the basin
- Building on experience, planning and programmes already in place; using existing cooperation structures such as river basin agreements and civil protection plans





Floods Directive Link to the Water Framework Directive

- Clear link to water quality management under the Water Framework Directive, given that river basins and stakeholders are identical;
- Links to be ensured in terms of legislation (synchronisation of review of plans under the Floods Directive and under the Water Framework Directive from 2015 on) and in terms of implementation (EU Water Directors to guide and steer both processes)

Proposal for a EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND COUNCIL DIRECTIVE on the assessment and management of flood risks

THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN UNION
Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Community, and in particular Article 175 thereof,

EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND COUNCIL DIRECTIVE 2000/60/EC establishing a framework for Community action in the field of water policy

THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN UNION
Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Community, and in particular Article 175 thereof,

Floods Directive Political process and time schedule



- Commission Proposal: 18 January 2006
- European Parliament: 1st reading 13 June 2006
- Council: Political Agreement on Council Common Position: 27 June 2006
- Council Common Position: November 2006
- European Parliament 2nd reading: to commence at the end of 2006
- Final adoption and publication expected until mid-2007

